

ASPISOV, D.I.

Ways of efficient utilization of fur-bearing animals of the
Kuybyshev Reservoir bed. Trudy VNIIO no.13:189-199 '53. (MLRA 7:5)
(Kuybyshev Reservoir--Fur-bearing animals) (Fur-bearing
animals--Kuybyshev Reservoir)

ASPISOV, D.I.

Methods for using desmans in connection with establishing reservoirs
on the Volga River. Uch.zap.Kaz.un. 115 no.8:217-223 '55.

(MLRA 10:3)

1. Deystvitel'nyy chlen Obshchestva yestestvoispytateley.
(Volga River--Desmans)

ASPISOV, D.I.

Elk distribution and population in the Tatar A.S.S.R. Uch.zap.
Kaz.un.115 no.8:231-239 '55. (MLRA 10:3)

1. Deystvitel'nyy chlen Obshchestva yestestvoispytateley.
(Tatar A.S.S.R.--Elk)

ASPISOV, D.I.

Elk in the Tatar A.S.S.R. Soob.Inst.lesa no.13:89-93 '59.

(MIRA 13:2)

1. Volzhsko-Kamskoye otdeleniye Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel'-
skogo instituta zhivotnogo syr'ya i pushniny (VNIIZhP).

(Tatar A.S.S.R. - Elk)

ASPISOV, D.I.; GRIGOR'YEV, N.D.

Acclimatization of the American mink (*Mustela vison* Eriss) in
the Volga-Kama region. Uch.zap.Kaz.un. 120 no.6:322-334 '60.
(Volga Valley—Minsk) (Kama Valley—Minsk) (MIRA 16:2)
(Acclimatization)

ASPISOV, N. M.

"Role of Electroencephalography in Otopathic Diagnosis," Vest. oto-rino-
laringol., No.4, 1948

ASPISOV, N. M.

USSR/Medicine - Medical Societies May/Jun 49
Medicine - Otorhinolaryngology

"Account of the Work of the Georgian Department of the All-Union Society of Otolaryngologists for 1948" p. 30

"Vest Oto-Rino-Laringol" No 3

Lists officers, among them: Chm, Prof N. M. AspISOV, Hon Worker of Sci Georgian SSR; Vice-Chm, G. P. Khutsishvili; and Secy, Docent A. N. Gerasimov. A Tbilisi seminar on the Soviet concept of biology was established by the society of 42 members. Six plenary sessions were held during the year, at which reports

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USSR/Medicine - Medical Societies May/Jun 49
(Contd)

by the chairman, the secretary, M. K. Chachava, A. I. Yedlveridze, and G. N. Onanova were given. These included an account of the Second Ukrainian Otolaryngol Conf and a report on the Otorhinolaryngol Clinic of Tbilisi State Med Inst.

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ASPISOV, N. M.

Prof. Honored worker of sci.

"Review of 'Handbook of the Transactions of the Leningrad Scientific-Research
Institute on Diseases of the Ear, Nose and Throat, and Vocal Organs,' Vest. oto-rino-
laringol., No.4, 1949

ASPISOV, N. M.

N. P. Simanovskiy, the father of Russian otorhinolaryngology. Reviewed by N. M. Aspiso. Vest. oto-rin. 14 no. 1, 1952.

SO: MLRA. April 1952.

ASPISOV, P. N., Physician Cand. Med. Sci.

Dissertation: "Concerning the Intrasecretory Function of a Pharyngeal Tonsil."
Second Moscow State Medical Inst. imeni I. V. Stalin. 5 May 47.

SO: Vechernyaya Moskva, May, 1947 (Project #17836)

KUTSEVALOV, Vitaliy Mikhaylovich: ASPIT, V.V [Aspits, A.], kand.
tekhn. nauk, ~~retsensent~~; VENGROVICH, A., red.; PILADZE, Ye.
[Piladze, E.], tekhn. red.

[An asynchronous machine with a solid rotor] Asinkhronnaia ma-
shina s massivnym rotorom. Riga, Izd-vo Akad. nauk Latvinskoi
SSR, 1962. 184 p. (MIRA 15:10)
(Electric motors, Induction)

ASPIZ, M. Ye.

FA 1/50T7

USSR/Biology - Regeneration, Hair Aug 49
Mammals

"The Regeneration of Hair and Skin Glands in Mammals," M. Ye. AspiZ, Inst of Animal Morphol and A. N. Severtsov, Acad of Sci USSR, 3 1/2 pp

"Dok Ak Nauk SSSR" Vol LXVII, No 6

The regenerative process was observed in 40 rabbits 2-5 months old and 36 rats 1.5-6 months old. Observations were made on the inner and outer ears and the backs of the rabbits and the backs of the rats; successive pictures of the former are given. It is assumed that hair and

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USSR/Biology - Regeneration, Hair Aug 49
(Contd)

skin glands ordinarily do not regenerate in scar tissues because of a certain type of interaction of the epithelial and connective tissues (as yet unknown) and possibly due to the degree of inflammation resulting from the wound and the inability of the connective tissue to promote a fast fibroblastic reaction. Submitted by Acad K. I. Skryabin 23 Jun 49.

1/50T7

27033

Sposoby razmeshcheniya koryushcha kost'yu u kostistykh ryb. Doklady
Akad. Nauk SSSR. Novaya seriya. T. LXVIII, No. 1, 1949, s. 153-56.-
Bibliogr: 7 nazv.

SO: LATIIS' NO. 34

ASPIZ, M. Ye.

"Regularities in Histogenesis and Regeneration of the Skin Glands and Hair of Certain Mammals," Thesis for degree of Cand Biol Sci., submitted 27 Nov 50, Moscow ~~MM~~ Fur (and Pelt) Inst.

Summary 71, 4 Sep 52. Dissertations Presented for Degrees in Sci. and Eng. in Moscow in 1950. From Vechernyaya Moskva, Jan-Dec 1950.

ASPIZ, M.Ye.

Regeneration of skin glands and hair of certain mammals. Trudy
Inst.morf.zhiv. no.11:92-113 '54. (MLRA 8:2)
(Skin) (Regeneration (Biology))

KOVALEVSKIY, Vladimir Onufriyevich; DAVITASHVILI, L. Sh., otvetstvennyy
redaktor; ASPIZ, M.Ye., redaktor izdatel'stva; KISELEVA, A.A.,
tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Collection of scientific works] Sobranie nauchnykh trudov. Moskva,
Izd-vo Akademii nauk SSSR. Vol.2. 1956. 299 p. (MLRA 10:2)
(Ungulata, Fossil)

40-12, MYE.

MITSEVICH, Mikhail Semenovich; STODITSKIY, A.N., otvetstvennyy redaktor;
~~ASPIZ, M.Ye.~~, redaktor izdatel'stva; KISELEVA, A.A., tekhnicheskiy
redaktor

[Endocrine glands in the embryonic development of birds and mammals]
Zhelezy vnutrennei sekretsii v zarodyshevom razvitii ptits i mleko-
pitaushchikh. Moskva, Izd-vo Akad. nauk SSSR, 1957. 245 p.
(Endocrine glands) (Embryology) (MLRA 10:4)

ASP17, M. Ye.

Effect of cholesterine on the structure and function of the
thyroid gland. Dokl. AN SSSR 155 no. 5:1230-1232 Ap '64.
(MIRA 17:5)

1. Predstavleno akademikom K.I. Skryabinym.

-SP12, M.Ye.; ZAIKIND, S.Ye.

Third Conference on the Problems of Regeneration and Cell
Reproduction. TSitologia 5 no.4:477-479 J1-Ag '63.
(MIRA 17:8)

ASPIZ, M.Ye.; TROSHIN, K.A.; USHAKOVA, S.P.

Significance of succinic dehydrogenase of the cell for the
reproduction of adenovirus in a tissue culture. Dokl. AN
SSSR 166 no.3:732-733 Ja '66. (MIRA 19:1)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut morfologii cheloveka
AMN SSSR. Submitted March 12, 1965.

L 27620-66

ACC NR: AP6018421

SOURCE CODE: UR/CO20/66/166/004/0965/0967

AUTHOR: Alov, I. A., Aspis, M. Ye.

ORG: Scientific Research Institute of Human Morphology, AMN SSSR (Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut morfologii cheloveka, AMN SSSR)

TITLE: Significance of sulfhydryl protein groups in the process of mitotic cell division

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady, v. 166, no. 4, 1966, 965-967

TOPIC TAGS: mitosis, protein, human genetics

ABSTRACT: Experiments were conducted on a 3-day monolayer culture of human amniotic cells to analyze the contradiction between cytochemical and experimental data confirming the importance of sulfhydryl and disulfide protein groups in mitosis and Mazia's shift from the hypothesis that the orientation of proteins in a thread of the spindle is associated with a conversion of intramolecular disulfide bonds to intermolecular bonds, to the position that the macromolecular threads of the spindle are formed by virtue of weak hydrogen bonds. Cytochemical study showed that the content of SH- and SS- protein groups change in a regular pattern during mitosis. Other experiments in which the content of sulfhydryl groups was reduced and increased artificially showed that disruption of the chemical mechanism by which SH- groups are altered and SS- bonds are formed results in a halt of division in the metaphase and separation of the chromosomes is disrupted. The abnormal forms

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ACC INR: AP6010/21

of mitosis resulting from intervention of this sort suggest that certain natural cases of abnormal mitosis (for example, in tumors) might also be associated with damage to the sulfhydryl-disulfide mechanism of mitosis. The paper was presented by Academician N. M. Sisakyan on 18 March 1965. Orig. art. has: 5 figures. [JMS]

SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: 18Mar65 / ORIG REF: 005 / OTH REF: 013

Cord 2/2 CV

ASPLUND, A.
ASPLUND, A.

The origin and development of the defibrator process. Tr. from the English.

p. 160 (Faipar) Vol. 7, no. 4, Sept. 1957, Budapest, Hungary

SO: MONTHLY INDEX OF EAST EUROPEAN ACCESSIONS (EEAI) LC, VOL. 7, NO. 1, JAN. 1958

ASRAKHOV, I. V.

2-4 e 3e

11/17/55

5431. HYDRAULIC CALCULATION AND CHOICE OF TABLE PARAMETERS FOR FULL
SYSTEMS OF COMPRESSION IGNITION ENGINES, by Asrakhov, I. V. (Trans. Moscow
Inst. Mech. Engrs. Ser. Eng. Constr. 1955, (1), 195-205; also in Russ. Eng.
Hndb. (Ref. J. Mech., Moscow), 1956, (5), 2723).

11/17/55

ASRATYAN, A.

Our assistance to works councils. Zhil.-kom. khoz. 12 no.4:12
Ap '62. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Predsedatel' Armyanskogo respublikanskogo komiteta
profsoyuza, Yerevan'.
(Armenia--Works councils)

CA ASRATYAN, E. A.																									
Effect of pituitrin on conditioned reflexes. E. Asratyan. <i>Arch. sci. biol.</i> (U. S. S. R.) 37, 111(1935); <i>Physiol. Abstracts</i> 20, 775-6.—The effect of subcutaneous injection of pituitrin on conditioned reflexes (salivation) in the dog was studied. Doses of 1-1.5 cc. diminished the reflex considerably in 40-60 min. Doses of 2-2.5 cc. abolished positive conditioned reflexes completely in the same time. Doses of less than 1 cc. had a weakening effect. In all these cases unconditioned reflexes were hardly affected. Very small doses or investigation after a shorter interval found unconditional reflexes increased at first, then all reflexes abolished. E. Bame																									
ASR-SLA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION																									

ASRATYAN, ~~Y~~^E. A.

"Brain Cortex and Plasticity of the Nervous System", (p. 803) by Asratyan, E. A.

SO: Advances in Contemporary Biology (USPEKHI SOVREMENNOI BIOLOGII) Vol. 5, No. 5 1936

ASRATIAN, E.

"The brain cortex and the elasticity of the nervous system. II" (p. 451) by Asratian, E.

SO: Advanced in Contemporary Biology (Uspekhi Sovremennoi Biologii) Vol. VI, No. 3 1937

ASRAJAN, E.

"Fifth meeting on physiological problems, Moscow." (p. 171)
by Asratjan, E

SO: Advances in Modern Biology (Uspekhi Sovremennoi Biologii)
Vol. XI, No. 1, 1939

COMMON ELEMENTS		COMMON VARIANTS INDEX	
ASKATYAN, AS A. ca E. 11F			
The influence of the vagus on kidney function. Erazr Asatyan. <i>Bull. biol. med. exp. U. R. S. S. 9</i>, 302-6 (1940) (in German).—The apparent drinking of water by esophagotomized dogs with ureteral and gastric fistulas during diuresis of moderate intensity causes an increase in urine secretion. The concn. of creatinine (I) and urea (II) in the urine decreases. These decreases in I and II do not occur in periods of unchanged intensity of diuresis. In all cases the Cl content of the urine falls. The same effect was observed with apparent drinking of milk, dil. HCl, NaCl solns. In dild. milk, sugar and quinine soln. Feeding of powd. NaCl causes no change in I or II but a sharp decrease in urine Cl occurs. Severance of the right vagus nerve causes a decrease in the Cl content of the urine from the right kidney as compared with that from the left. Apparent feeding and drinking in this case causes a decrease in Cl only after a 30-30 min. interval. S. A. Karjala			
ASH-SLA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION			
GROUPS		LETTERS	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100		1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100	

ASRATIAN, E.

"The brain-cortex and the plasticity of the nervous system. III." (p. 516) by
Asratian, E.

SO: Advances in Modern Biology (Uspekhi Sovremennoi Biologii) Vol. XII, No. 3, 1940

ASRATYAN, EZRAS ASRATOVICH

His works: "New Data on the Physiology of the Cerebrum," Arkhiv Biologicheskikh nauk
/Archives of the Biological Sciences/, 1941, No 3; Ocherki po etiologii, patologii
i terapii travmaticheskogo shoka /Essays on the Etiology, Pathology, and Therapy of
Traumatic Shock/, Moscow, 1945; O prispособitel'nykh yavleniyakh v povrezhdennom
organizme /On Adaptative Manifestations in a Damaged Organism/, Moscow, 1948.

ASRATYAN, ^EYe. A.

Corr Memb Acad Sci USSR, "Strengthening Effect from the Transfusion of Preserved Blood" Mbr., Dept. Biological Sci., Acad. Sci.

SO: MLRA Vest. Ak. Nauk SSSR, No. 11-12, 1944;
Report U-1660, 24 Jan. 1952.

ASRATYAN, E. A.

"Studies on the Etiology, Pathology, and Therapy of Traumatic Shock" (Ocherki po etiologii, patologii i terapii travmaticheskogo shoka), Moscow, 1945

ASRATYAN, ^EAzras Asratovich

"Cortex of the Cerebrum and Phenomena of Adaptability in the Injured Organism. Communication V. Experiment with Destruction of Labyrinths." Fiz. Zhur., Vol 33, No 3, 1947, p 289. Division of Physiology of the Central Nervous System, Inst of the Brain imeni Bekhterev, Leningrad USSR.

SO: U-4396

ASLAFYAN, Ezras Asra evich

"Theory and Practical Aspects of Pavlov's Curative-Medicinal Draking," V Sob.: Ob'yedin Sessiya nosvashche. 10-Letiya So dnya Smerti Pavlova (Akad. Nauk SSSR, Akad. Med Nauk SSSR, Vsesoyuz. i Mosk. o-vo Fiziologov, Biokhimov i Farmakologov, Moscow, 1948, pp. 152-161,

ASRATYAN, E. A.

"The Cerebral Cortex and the Adaptation Phenomenon in an Injured Organism: IV. Tests on the Deafferentia of Limbs"

Fiziol. Zhur. SSSR, Vol. 34, No. 1, 1948.

ASRATYAN, E. A.

"The Cerebral Cortex and the Adaptation Phenomenon in an Injured Organism: VI. Tests on Intersection of the Dorsal Primary Division of the Cervical Plexus"
Fiziol. Zhur. SSSR, Vol. 34, No. 2, 1948.

ASRATYAN, ^EXezras Asratovich

Restoration of Function Lab., Acad. Sci., 1949

Some general characteristics of the disturbance and restoration of nerve function.

SO: MIRA Brookhaven Guide, Vol. 3, No. 9, 1950.

ASRATYAN, E. A.

"Academician I.P. Pavlov's teaching of Higher Nervous Activity," (Ucheniye akademika I.P. Pavlova o vysshey mervnoy deyatel'-nosti), published by the All-Union Society for the Diffusion of Political and Scientific Subjects, Moscow, 1949.

Dissemination

ASRATYAN, L. A.

"A Dialectic-Materialistic Character Study of I. P. Pavlov"
Voprosy Filosofii, No. 1, 1949, pp. 147-164.

ASRATYAN, E. A.

"Pavlov's Ideas in the Clinical Treatment of Organic Inflammations of the Nervous System"
(report read at the II Conference on Physiological Problems in honor of the 10th Anniversary of I. P. Pavlov).

Trudy Akad. Med. Nauk SSSR, Vol. IV, 1949, pp. 30-36.

ASRATYAN, E. A.

26626 I. P. pavlov-Uchenyy i uchitel' Zhurnal obshchey Biologii, 1949, No. 4, s. 288-94

SO: LETOPIS' NO. 35, 1949

ASRATYAN, E. A.

26625 Akademik Ivan Petrovich Pavlov - v ogle ya(!) asratyan. izvestiya akad, nauk SSSR. seriya biol., 1949, No. 4. s. 383-412.

SO: LETOPIS' NO. 35, 1949

ASRATYAN, E. A.

"Results and Perspectives for the Utilization of a New Method for Anemic Infection of the Central Nervous System of Higher Animals"

Fiziol. Zhurnal SSSR im. Sechenova, No. 5, 1949, pp. 504-508.

ASRATYAN, E. A.

"Sleep and Its Curative Power (I.P. Pavlov's Theories on Sleep)"
Nauka i Zhizn', No. 3, 1949, pp. 34-39.

ASRATYAN, E. A.

"A Great Russian Physiologist"

Vestnik Akad. Nauk SSSR, No. 9, 1949, pp. 3-23.

ASRATYAN, E. A.

"The Plasticity of the Nervous System, as Viewed in the Light of Pavlov's Doctrine"
(paper submitted by E. A. Asratyan, USSR Academy of Sciences, to the 18th International
Physiological Congress held in Copenhagen, 15-18 Aug 50.)

B-23194, 5 Dec 50

ASRATYAN, E.A.

I.P. Pavlov's teaching on sleep and its therapeutic role", (Ucheniye I. P. Pavlova o sne i yego tselebnoy roli), Published by the All-Union Society for the diffusion of Political and Scientific Subjects, Moscow, 1950.

ASRATAN, E.A.

Pavlovian theory on the higher nervous function. Prakt. lek.,
Praha 31 no. 2:38-42;contd. 20 Jan 1951. (CIME 22:3)

ASRATAN, E. A.

Pavlovian theory on the higher nervous functions. Prakt. lek.,
Praha 31 no. 3:62-67;concl. 5 Feb 1951. (CLML 22:3)

ASTATYAN, Ye.A.

Principles of reversibility in conditioned reflex function. Zh.
vysshei nerv., deiat., Pavlova 1 no. 1:47-54 Jan-Feb 1951. (CLNL 22:5)

USSR/Medicine - Sleep Therapy

Nov/Dec 51

"Experimental Sleep Therapy of Results of Organic Injuries of the Central Nervous System," E. A. Asratyan

"Zhur Vyssh Nerv Deyatel' Vol I, No 6, pp 902-916

Reviews in detail work on sleep therapy carried out on exptl animals during 1941 - 1951. This includes treatment with narcotic sleep of injuries of the nervous system brought about by toxic substances and infections (A. G. Ivanov-Smolenskii et. al., work on rats and Guinea pigs), therapy of aftereffects of exptl traumatic shock and shock due to burns (work on dogs) etc. States that World 206195

USSR/Medicine - Sleep Therapy (Contd) Nov/Dec 51

War II served as a stimulus for these investigations, which were aimed at development of new methods for treating war trauma. Found that hypnotics of the carbamide class (hedonal, urethane) are preferable to barbiturates due to lower toxicity; that 10-15 hrs of narcotic sleep are preferable to the 18-20 hrs advocated by F. A. Andreyev and others.

206195

ASRATYAN, E. A.

1. ASRATYAN, ^{E.} A. (Prof.)

2. USSR (600)

4. Physiology

7. Pavlov's theory as a basis of medicine. Klin. med. 30 no. 9: 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, March 1953, Uncl.

ASRATYAN, E.A.

I.P.Pavlov; his life and work. Moscow, Foreign Languages
Publishing House, 1953. 163 p. (MIRA 9:4)
(Pavlov, Ivan Petrovich, 1849-1936) (Physiology)

EZRAS

ASIRATYAN, Yezras Asratovich, 1903- .

[Physiology of the central nervous system; scientific works] Fiziologiya
tsentral'noi nervnoi sistemy; nauchnye raboty. Moskva, 1953. 559 p.
(MLBA 6:11)
(Nervous system)

LEPESHINSKAYA, O.B., professor; USIYEVICH, M.A., professor; ASRATYAN, E.A., professor; SMIRNOV, A.I., professor; FILIPPOVICH, S.I., doktor meditsinskikh nauk; VOLOKHOV, A.A., professor; FILIMONOV, I.N., professor; SNIYAKIN, P.G., professor; CHERNIGOVSKIY, V.N., professor; SPERANSKIY, A.D., akademik; DOLIN, A.O., doktor meditsinskikh nauk; KOTLYAREVSKIY, L.I., professor; NEGOVSKIY, V.A., professor; KASATKIN, N.I., professor; STEL'CHUK, I.V., professor; YEGOROV, B.G., professor; BAKULEV, A.N., professor; SMIRNOV, L.I., professor; USPENSKIY, V.N., redaktor; PETROV, S.P., redaktor.

[Teachings of I.P.Pavlov in theoretical and practical medicine]
 Uchenie I.P.Pavlova v teoreticheskoi i prakticheskoi meditsine. Vol.2.
 Moskva, Izd-vo Ministerstvo zdravookhraneniia SSSR, 1953. 611 p.
 (MLRA 7:3)

1. Deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR (for Lepeshinskaya, Chernigovskiy and Bakulev).
2. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii nauk SSSR (for Asratyan).
3. Chlen-korrespondent AMN SSSR (for Smirnov, Filimonov, Yegorov and L.I.Smirnov).
4. Moscow. TSentral'nyy institut usovershenstvovaniya vrachey. (Pavlov, Ivan Petrovich, 1849-1936) (Nervous system) (Physiology)

ASRATYAN, Ye.A.

Compensatory adaptation according to the Pavlovian theory. Usp. sovrem
biol. 35 no.3:357-380 May-June 1953. (GIML 25:1)

1. Moscow.

ASRATYAN, ~~Y~~ A. (Moscow).

Results of a transverse section of the posterior half of the spinal cord
in dogs; on the physiology of spinal shock. Fiziol.zhur. 39 no.3:300-
308 Ky-Je '53.

(MLBA 6:6)

(Spinal cord)

ASRATYAN, E. A.

The Committee on Stalin Prizes (of the Council of Ministers USSR) in the fields of science and inventions announces that the following scientific works, popular scientific books, and textbooks have been submitted for competition for Stalin Prizes for the years 1952 and 1953. (Sovetskaya Kultura, Moscow, No. 22-40, 20 Feb - 3 Apr 1954)

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title of Work</u>	<u>Nominated by</u>
Asratyan, E. A.	"Physiology of the Central Nervous System"	Second Moscow Medical Institute imeni I. V. Stalin

SO: W-30604, 7 July 1954

ASRATYAN, E. A.

"Switching of Conditioned-Reflex Activity as a special form of its
Changeability,"

Communications at the XIV International Congress of Psychology, Acad. Pedagogical
Sci. RSFSR, Moscow 1954.

E. A. Asratyan - Acad. Sci. USSR

ASRATYAN, E.A. (Moscow).

Prophylactic and therapeutic role of the process of inhibition,
and skull and cerebral injuries. Zhur.nevr.i psikh. 54 no.1:3-8
Ja '54. (MIRA 7:1)

(Skull--Wounds and injuries) (Brain--Wounds and injuries)
(Inhibition)

HS KHI 1774 14

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec.2 Vol.9/9 Physiology, etc. Sept 56

4153. ASRATYAN E.A. *New data on unconditioned and conditioned reflexes (Russian text) Z.VYSC.NERV.DEJATEL. 1955, 5/4 (480-491) Graphs 8

Unconditioned reflexes before and after removal of the cerebral cortex were studied in dogs. It was observed that removal of the cortex of both hemispheres caused some disturbances in autonomic functions: (1) reduction of salivation, (2) decrease of reflex secretion of gastric juice, which became the same for all kinds of food, (3) increase and prolongation of the humoral phase of gastric secretion during sham-feeding, (4) tendency to strong fall of the blood pressure after 0.4-0.5% loss of blood (which is without effect in normal dogs), (5) delay of excretion from the blood of foreign substances (e.g. Congo red), (6) disregulation of quantitative interrelations between erythrocytes, KCl and H₂O in blood, (7) greater increase of (a) metabolism after small doses of thyroxine (0.3 mg./kg.) or adrenaline (0.1 mg. 0.1% per kg.) and (b) bile secretion on moderate doses of dry bile preparation, than in normal dogs. It is concluded that all these functions must have their representations in the cerebral cortex and therefore are disturbed by decortication. The chief results of the investigations on conditioned reflexes are the following: (1) very strong 'hypermaximal' acoustic stimulus which normally produced a diminished conditioned reaction, evoked a normal reaction when the

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CONT

food-reinforcement was increased; (2) the same tone used before the conditioned stimulus became a positive conditioned stimulus of the 2nd order when it was weaker, and an inhibitory conditioned stimulus when it was stronger than the proper conditioned stimulus; (3) experiments with 'switching' phenomena; (a) the tone which was used as a defensive conditioned stimulus and the touch which was used as an alimentary conditioned stimulus could change their conditioned significance to the opposite (i.e. the tone could be used as an alimentary and the touch as a defensive stimulus) if the experimental situation was changed by including a lamp of 200 W. and a small ventilator, (b) a defensive motor conditioned reflex consisting in raising the left foreleg to the bell in the morning experiment and raising the right foreleg to the same stimulus in the evening experiment was elaborated. The EEG showed an increase of electrical activity from the parietal area of the skull ipsilaterally to the trained leg, i.e. in the morning experiment from the left, and in the evening experiment from the right hemisphere.

Wyrwicka - Łódź

USSR/Medicine - Higher Nervous Activity

FD-2783

Card 1/1

Pub 154-4/19

Author

: Asratyan, E. A.

Title

: ~~_____~~
The protective-salubrious role of inhibition in the spinal cord

Periodical

: Zhur. vys. nerv. deyat. 5, 187-197, Mar-Apr 1955

Abstract

: (From a report presented at the 9th Session of the Academy of Medical Sciences USSR, 9 March 1955). Gives criteria defining the protective-recuperative-salubrious role of inhibition. Presents new experimental data supporting the author's position on the universality of the protective, recuperative, and salubrious role of inhibition for all divisions of the C. N. S., especially the spinal cord. Graphs.

ABMAYAN, E. [A-7]

"THE INFLUENCE OF THE EXTIRPATION OF THE CEREBRAL
CORTEX ON THE VEGETATIVE AND SOMATIC FUNCTIONS OF THE
ORGANISM

pp. 161, Reports given at the 20th International
Congress of Physiologists, Brussels, 30 Jul-4 Aug 56

Translation E-5368

ASRATYAN, E.A.

ASRATYAN, E.A.; USPIENSKAYA, N.V., redaktor; ISLENT'YEVA, P.G.,
tehnicheskiiy redaktor.

[I.P.Pavlov's teaching on the higher nervous activity]
Uchenie I.P.Pavlova o vysshei nervnoi deiatel'nosti. Moskva,
Izd-vo "Znanie," 1956. 29 p. [Vsesoiuznoe obshchestvo po
rasprostraneniю politicheskikh i nauchnykh znanii. Ser. 3
no.1) (ML3A 9:1)

1. Chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR (for Asratyan)
(NERVOUS SYSTEM) (PAVLOV, IVAN PETROVICH, 1849-1936)

ASRATYAN, E.A., redaktor; PRATUSEVICH, Yu.M., redaktor; SHEVCHENKO, G.H.,
tekhnicheskii redaktor.

[Problems in an experimental and clinical study of aftereffects
of trauma of the spinal cord] Voprosy eksperimental'nogo i klini-
cheskogo issledovaniia posledstviia travmy spinnoy mozga; sbornik
statei. Moskva, 1956. 206 p. (MIRA 9:6)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Fiziologicheskaya laboratoriya.
(SPINAL CORD--WOUNDS AND INJURIES)

ASRATYAN, E.A., Corresponding Member of the Academy of Sciences, USSR

"Certain Pressing Problems of Spinal Cord Physiology." He touched on the problem of spinal shock and spinal subordination.
Paper presented at 11th Session of AMS USSR on Trauma, April 1957.

SO: Sum. 1644

ASRATYAN, E. A.

AUTHOR: Asratyan, E. A., Corresponding Member of 30-10-9/26
AN USSR

TITLE: On the Forms of Regulation of the Functions of Organism
by the Crust of Brain (O formakh kortikal'noy regulyatsii
funktsii organizma).

PERIODICAL: Vestnik AN SSSR, 1957, October, Nr 10, pp. 71-79 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The classical experiments by Pavlov on the regulating,
functional activity of the crust of brain are the
fundamentals on which the most recent investigations of
Soviet medicine are based.
The investigations by which should be clarified which rôle
the crust of the brain plays at the occurrence of the
compensating reaction of the human organism in case of
illness, occupy a vast field. Experimental material was
especially collected by the surgical removal of parts
of the crust of the brain and the brain of dogs. These
operations shew that both the character and the course of
the unconditional reflexes is sensitively changed.
A particular intensive influence on the level of the
general metabolism could not be stated. The regulation of

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On the Forms of Regulation of the Functions of Organism 30-10-9/26
by the Crust of Brain

the level is correlated however with the quantity of brain removed.

The work performed in the field of neurophysiology is very extensive, but unfortunately it is still far from being concluded to some extent.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 2/2

ASRATYAN, E.A.; NESMEYANOVA, T.N.; SHAMARINA, N.M.

~~Leon Abramovich Orbeli~~; on his 75th birthday. Izv. AN Arm. SSR.
Biol. i sel'khoz. nauki 10 no. 7: 3-11 J1 '57. (MIRA 10:10)
(Orbeli, Leon Abgarovich, 1882-)

USSR/Human and Animal Physiology (Normal and Pathological).
Nervous System.

T-12

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 11, 1958, 51214

Author : Asratyan, E.A.

Inst : Academy of Sciences USSR.

Title : Various Forms of the Cortex Regulating the Functions of
the Organism.

Orig Pub : Vestn. AN SSSR, 1957, No 11, 71-79.

Abstract : About 100 dogs were investigated in whom either the cortex
of both hemispheres (over 30 dogs) was removed or the cor-
tex of one hemisphere. The following phenomena were ob-
served here: stable changes of somatic and vegetative
reactions of the organism (lowering of reflex reactions of
salivary and gastric glands); less pronounced variations
in the amount of salivary contents under the influence of

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USSR/Human and Animal Physiology (Normal and Pathological).
Nervous System.

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Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 11, 1958, 51214

the quantity and quality of consumed and rejected substances; impairment of reactions assuring stability of arterial pressure in moderate blood losses; impairment of reactions supporting constancy of volume and of composition of circulating blood; changes in capillary permeation; weakening of locomotive and tendon reflexes; strengthening of reactions issuing from humoral pathways; changes in the microstructure of internal secretion. Especially pronounced were differences in functions of symmetric organs (such as the salivary glands, the motor apparatus), which were observed after the decortication of one of the hemispheres. After the operation was performed, degenerative processes developed within CNS (central nervous system). At the same time, the unconditioned reflex activity was restored to some degree. These changes of reactions and functions of the organism were the result of changes which

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Nervous System.

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Abs Jour : Ref Zhur = Biol., No 11, 1958, 51214

took place within their own neural apparatuses and which were caused by the decortication of the cerebrum, for it is the cortex which imparts greater strength, modification ability and dynamics to unconditioned reflexes. The central section of the unconditioned reflex arch passes each of the basic sectors of CNS. The upper cortical branch of the arch represents the cortical section which governs unconditioned reflexes. -- K.S. Ratner.

Card 3/3

ASRATYAN, E.A.

Participation of the cerebral cortex in unconditioned reflex
regulation of functions of the organism. Nauk zap. Kyiv. un.
16 no.17:9-15 '57. (MIRA 13:2)
(CEREBRAL CORTEX) (REFLEXES)

ASRATYAN, N.A. (Moskva)

I.P.Pavlov's concept on the protective and curative role of the inhibition process and its significance in surgery [with summary in English]. Khirurgiia 33 no.6:3-11 Je '57. (MIRA 10:12)

(CEREBRAL CORTEX, physiol.

inhib. process, role in surg. & neurosurg.)

(NEUROSURGERY

role of inhib.funct. of cerebral cortex)

USSR/Human and Animal Physiology (Normal and Pathological).
Nervous System.

T-12

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 11, 1958, 51213

Author : Asratyan, E.A.
Inst :

Title : The Characteristics Regulating Humoral Functions in Dogs
with Decorticated Cerebrum.

Orig Pub : Fiziol. zh. SSSR, 1957, 43, No 7, 651-656.

Abstract : Humoral agents regulating functional activity became more important in dogs with decorticated cerebrum. This fact was evidenced by a considerable strengthening of initial oxidizing activity of the organism after food intake and after administration of adrenalin and tyroxin, as well as by greater changes of respiratory movements, of pulse rate, of salivation, and of the general condition of the organism. In dogs with both hemispheres removed, an increase of hyperglycemic and hypoglycemic reactions was observed

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Nervous System.

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Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 11, 1958, 51213

with respect to moderate doses of adrenalin and insulin, as well as a leukocytic reaction when sodium nucleinate was administered. Bile secretion took place when a dry bile preparation was internally inducted. After decortication, the phase of reflex secretion of gastric juice upon imaginary feedings was weakened, while the phase of humoral secretion became stronger, as did also secretions when histamin was injected intramuscularly and alcohol infused rectally. At the decorticated side the reflex activity of salivary glands underwent a sharp and stable decrease. After complete decortication the activity of unpaired organs proved to become more pronounced. --
A.M. Ryabinovskaya.

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ASRATYAN, E.A.

Recent data on switching in conditioned reflex function. Zhur.
vys.nerv.deint. 8 no.3:305-312 My-Je '58 (MIRA 11:8)

1. Fiziologicheskaya laboratoriya AN SSSR.
(RUFLEX, CONDITIONED,
switch-over (Rus))

ASRATYAN, Ezras A.

"Some Aspects of the Formation of Conditioned Reflexes and of the Development of their Properties."

report to be submitted for the Symposium on Brain Mechanisms and Learning, CIOMS, Montevideo, Uruguay, 3-7 Aug 1959.

Corres. Mbr, Acad. Sci. USSR

ASRATYAN, E.A.

Certain aspects of the establishment of conditioned reflex connections and formation of their properties based on motor activity studies. Izv.AN SSSR.Ser.biol. no.5:641-662 S-0 '59. (MIRA 13:2)

1. Physiological Laboratory, Academy of Sciences of the U.S.S.R., Moscow.

(CONDITIONED RESPONSE)

ASRATYAN, E. (Moskva); GUTMANN, E.; KONORSKIY, Yu. [Konorsky, J.] (Varshava)

Mechanisms of the motor activity of animals. Zhur. vys. nerv.
delat. 9 no.2:301 Mr-Apr '59. (MIRA 12:7)
(MOVEMENT, PSYCHOLOGY OF)

ASRATYAN, E.A.

Recent data on the significance of the force and order of stimuli association in the formation and preservation of conditioned reflex connections. Zhur.vys.nerv.diat. 9 no.3:409-419 My-Je '59. (MIRA 12:9)

1. Physiology Laboratory, U.S.S.R. Academy of Sciences, Moscow.
(REFLEX, CONDITIONED)

ASRATYAN, EZRA'S ASRATOVICH

ANIKULIN, Petr Kuz'mich, Active Member, Academy of Medical Sciences, USSR; Scientific Director, Institute of Surgery Iosel A. A. Vishnevsky, Academy of Medical Sciences USSR, Moscow; Head, Chair Normal Physiology, First Moscow Medical Institute Iosel I. N. G., Moscow; Head, Laboratory of Human Embryology, Institute of Obstetrics and Gynecology, Moscow. "Electroencephalographic analysis of cortical-subcortical interrelations in positive and negative conditioned reflexes" (II)

ASRATOVICH, Ezra Asratovich, Corresponding Member, Academy of Sciences USSR; Active Member, Academy of Sciences Armenian SSR; Director, Laboratory of Physiology, Academy of Sciences USSR, Moscow. "The rise and localization of cortical inhibition in the elements of the conditional reflex" (I)

KORALOV, Petr Stepanovich, Active Member, Academy of Medical Sciences USSR; Head, Physiology Division, Institute of Experimental Medicine, Academy of Medical Sciences USSR, Leningrad. "Normal and pathological neural processes in the higher divisions of the brain" (III)

BUKHOV, G. (Probably Vladimir Sergeevich), Corresponding Member, Academy of Medical Sciences USSR; Director, Institute of Higher Nervous Activity, Academy of Sciences USSR, Moscow; Head, Department of Physiology and Pathology of the Nervous System, Institute of Neurosurgery Iosel N. N. G., Moscow. "The effect of the process of irradiation in the experimental pathologies during the formation of conditional reflexes" (IV)

USSR (continued)

SUKHOSOV, Boris Aleksandrovich, Lieutenant Colonel; Active Member, Academy of Medical Sciences USSR; Director, Institute of the Brain, Academy of Medical Sciences USSR, Moscow. "Current data on the structure and function of the human brain" (I)

STOLITSKY, Andrey Vladimirovich, Corresponding Member, Academy of Medical Sciences USSR; Head, Chair of Psychiatry, Central Institute for the Advanced Training of Physicians, Moscow. "Clinical and experimental studies on the development of psychophysiological instability during the treatment of schizophrenia with psychotropic agents" (V)

BARONOV, Vasily Vasil'yevich, Active Member, Academy of Medical Sciences USSR; Director, Institute of Pharmacology and Cosmetology, Academy of Medical Sciences, Moscow. "The effect of pharmacological agents on conditioned and unconditional reflexes" (III)

Report to be submitted for the 1960 Pavlovian Conference on Higher Nervous Activity, New York Academy of Sciences, New York, N. Y. 13-15 October 1960.

ASRATYAN, E.A., otv.red.; STRUCHKOV, M.I., red.i-va; VOLKOVA, V.V.,
tekhn.red.

[Central and peripheral mechanisms of animal locomotion; papers
from an international symposium, Poland, 1958] Tsentral'nye
i perifericheskie mekhanizmy dvigatel'noi deistel'nosti zhiivotnykh;
sbornik dokladov mezhdunarodnogo simpoziuma, Pol'sha, 1958. Moskva,
1960. 359 p. (MIRA 14:2)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Fiziologicheskaya laboratoriya.
2. Fiziologicheskaya laboratoriya AN SSSR, Moskva. Chlen-korrespon-
dent AN SSSR (for Asratyan).
(MOVEMENT (PHYSIOLOGY))

ANFILOV, Gleb; ASRAT'YAN, E.A.; GULYAYEV, P.I., doktor biol.nauk;
LIVANOV, M.N., prof.; KRAYZMER, L.P., kand.tekhn.nauk;
VASIL'YEV, L.I.; KLYATSKIN, I., kand.tekhn.nauk

Is thought transference possible? Opinions of Soviet
scientists. Znan. sila 35 no. 12:18-23 D '60. (MIRA 13:12)
(Thought transference)

ASRATYAN, E.A., prof., otv.red.; GONCHAROVA, L.S., red.1rd-va;
ASTAFEVA, G.A., tekhn.red.

[Problem of compensatory accommodation; papers of a conference of the Physiological Laboratory of the Academy of Sciences of the U.S.S.R. and of the Moscow Society of Physiologists Biochemists, and Pharmacologists] Problema kompensatornykh pri-sposoblenii; doklady konferentsii Fiziologicheskoi laboratorii AN SSSR i Moskovskogo obshchestva fiziologov, biokhimikov i farmakologov. Moskva, 1960. 373 p. (MIRA 13:12)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. 2. Fiziologicheskaya laboratoriya AN SSSR, Moskva; chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR (for Asratyan). (PHYSIOLOGY)

ASRATYAN, E.A.; GONCHAROVA, L.S.

Sequelae of lateral hemisection of the medulla oblongata in puppies
and adult dogs. Biul. eksp. biol. i med. 49 no.1:30-34 Ja '60.

(MIRA 13:7)

1. Iz fiziologicheskoy laboratorii AN SSSR (dir. -- chlen-korrespondent
AN SSSR E.A.Asratyan), Moskva. Predstavlena deystv. chlenom AMN
SSSR V.V. Parinym.

(MEDULLA OBLONGATA--SURGERY)

STEFANTSOV, Boris Danilovich; ASRATYAN, E.A., otv.red.; GONCHAROVA, L.S.,
red.izd-va; DOROKHINA, I.N., tekhn. red.

[Influence of the sympathetic nervous system on function in a
damaged central nervous system] Vliianie simpaticheskoi nervnoi
sistemy na funktsional'noe sostoianie povrezhdennoi tsentral'noi
nervnoi sistemy. Moskva, Izd-vo Akad. nauk SSSR, 1961. 182 p.
(MIRA 14:5)

1. Chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR (for Asratyan)
(NERVOUS SYSTEM, SYMPATHETIC)
(NERVOUS SYSTEM--WOUNDS AND INJURIES)

ASRATYAN, E.A.

Emergence and localization of cortical inhibition in elements
on the conditioned reflex arc. Zhur.vys. nerv. deiat. 11 no.2:
193-205 Mr-Apr '61. (MIRA 14:6)

1. Physiological Laboratory, U.S.S.R. Academy of Sciences, Moscow.
(CONDITIONED RESPONSE)

ASRATYAN, E. A.

" The Place of Formation and the Functional Principles
of Conditioned Connection "

Information Processing in the Nervous System, Leiden, Neth. 10-17 Sep '62

Institute of Higher Nervous Activity and Neurophysiology, Moscow.

ASRATYAN, E.A.

4.

ASRATYAN, Ezras Asratovich, Physiological
Laboratory, Academy of Sciences USSR, Moscow
- "The effect of use and disuse on nerve
cells following spinal cord transection"
Session II-1

FERDMAN, David Lazarevich, Institute of
Biochemistry, Academy of Sciences Ukrainian
SSR, Kiev - "Biochemical characteristics of
dystrophy and atrophy of muscles" Session II-2-a

KOSTYUK, Platon Grigor'yevich, Deputy Director,
Institute of Physiology imeni A.A. Bogomolets,
Academy of Sciences Ukrainian SSR, Kiev -
"Functional changes in central synapses
following denervation" Session II-1

MESHKOVA, N. P., Chair, Animal Biochemistry,
Moscow State University, Moscow - "Muscle
changes produced by tetanus toxin" II-2-b

report to be submitted for the Symposium on the Effects of Use and Disuse on
Neuromuscular Functions (IUPS), Prague-Liblice, Czech., 18-24 Sep 1962.

ASRATYAN, Ezras Asratovich; SIMONOV, Pavel Vasil'yevich; YASHKOVA,
N.V., red.izd-va; KASHINA, P.S., tekhn. red.

[Reliability of the brain] Nadezhnost' mozga. Moskva, Izd-vo
Akad. nauk SSSR, 1962. 133 p. (MIRA 16:7)
(BRAIN)

S/004/62/000/005/001/001
D408/D301

AUTHOR: Asratyan, E.A., Corresponding Member, AS USSR, and
Simonov, P.V., Doctor of Medical Sciences

TITLE: The reliability of the brain

PERIODICAL: Znaniye-sila, no. 5, 1962, 17-20

TEXT: The article gives a general outline of how the central nervous system operates, explaining neural excitation and inhibition, the value of protective inhibition and the mechanisms via which the nervous system compensates for damage or dystrophy of some particular section. Four such mechanisms, responsible for the reliability of the nervous system, are distinguished. 1) Protective inhibition which ensues during excessive stimulation of the body to give the nerve cells a chance to restore their viability. 2) Reserve neural paths and reserve nerve centers which, though normally highly specialized, can adapt to assume the control functions of other damaged paths and nerve centers. 3) Multiple duplica-

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The reliability of the brain

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tion of brain structures, all of which can control the same body function in a varying degree. This gives relative stability of the lower mechanisms and at the same time subordinates them strictly to the higher brain centers. 4) The use of new, temporary connections between nerve centers in the cerebral cortex to restore impaired body functions. The authors illustrate these mechanisms with references to experiments on dogs. There are 6 figures.

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ASRATYAN, E.A.

Conditioned reflex and related phenomena. Priroda 51 no.9:37-43
S '62. (MIRA 15:9)

1. Chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR.
(CONDITIONED RESPONSE)

ASRATYAN, E.A., otv. red.; ALEKSANDROVSKAYA, M.M., red.; ALEKSEYEV,
M.A., red.; RUSINOV, V.S., red.; IVANOVA, N.G., red.;
STRUCHKOV, M.I., red. izd-va; SHEVCHENKO, G.N., tekhn. red.

[Nervous mechanisms of conditioned reflex activity] Nervnye
mekhanizmy uslovnoreflektornoi deiatel'nosti. Moskva, Izd-
vo AN SSSR, 1963. 319 p. (MIRA 16:10)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Institut vysshey nervnoy deyatel'-
nosti i neirofiziologii.
(CONDITICNED RESPONSE)

AMBARTSUMYAN, V.A., akademik; ASRATYAN, E.A.; BOGOLYUBOV, N.N., akademik; VINOGRADOV, A.P., akademik; GINETSINSKIY, A.G.; KNUNYANTS, I.L., akademik; KOCHETKOV, N.K.; KURSANOV, A.L., akademik; MEL'NIKOV, O.A.; NESMEYANOV, A.N., akademik; NESMEYANOV, An.N., doktor khim. nauk; OBRIMOV, I.V., akademik; POLIVANOV, M.K., kand.fiz.-mat.nauk; REUTOV, O.A.; RYZHKOV, V.L.; SPITSIN, V.I., akademik; TAMM, I.Ye., akademik; FESENKOV, V.G., akademik; FOK, V.A., akademik; SHCHERBAKOV, D.I., akademik; FRANK, I.M.; FRANK, G.M.; KHOKHLOV, A.S., doktor khim. nauk; SHEMYAKIN, M.M., akademik; ENGEL'GARDT, V.A., akademik; SHAPOSHNIKOV, V.N., akademik; BOYARSKIY, V.A.; LIKHTENSHTEYN, Ye.S.; VYAZEMTSEVA, V.N., red.izd-va; KLYAYS, Ye.M., red.izd-va; TARASENKO, V.M., red.izd-va; POLYAKOVA, T.V., tekhn. red.

[As seen by a scientist: From the Earth to galaxies, To the atomic nucleus, From the atom to the molecule, From the molecule to the organism] Glazami uchenogo: Ot Zemli do galaktik, K iadru atoma domolekuly, Ot molekuly do organizma. Moskva, Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1963. 736 p. (MIRA 16:12)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. 2. Chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR (for Asratyan, Ginetsinskiy, Kochetkov, Mel'nikov, Reutov, Ryzhkov, Frank, I.M., Frank, G.M.)

(Astronomy) (Nuclear physics) (Chemistry) (Biology)

ASRATYAN, E.A.

Tonic conditioned reflexes as a form of integrated brain activity. Zhur. vop. nerv. deiat. 13 no.5:781-788 S-0'63
(MIRA 16:11)

1. Institute of Higher nervous Activity and Neurophysiology,
U.S.S.R., Academy of Sciences, Moscow.